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**ACLU alleges spying took place in Ohio  
Suspect government agents infiltrated meetings**

CLEVELAND (AP) - The American Civil Liberties Union of Ohio requested information Tuesday from the government about whether it spied on two anti-war groups and an attorney for a man suspected of terrorism connections.

ACLU officials said at news conference that members of the anti-war groups want to know whether two meetings were attended by government agents. One meeting was last year in Akron by the Northeast Ohio American Friends Service Committee, a Quaker organization, and the another was in 2004 in Cleveland by the Northeast Ohio Anti-War Coalition.

The ACLU filed Freedom of Information Act requests with the Department of Defense, Justice Department, the FBI and police seeking records that document any collection of information about the groups.

Gary Daniels, the ACLU's litigation coordinator, said the ACLU became involved because the groups were included on a Defense Department classified database of information about suspicious people and activity inside the United States as reported by NBC News.

The ACLU also requested information about several people, including Akron lawyer Farhad Sethna, based on his association with the American Friends Service Committee. Sethna said he hopes the request will shed light on whether the government spied on his conversations with a client, Ashraf Al-Jailani, who recently was sent back to his native Yemen after being jailed three years on suspicions he associated with suspected terrorists.

"The only way we would be involved in gathering specific or credible information was if a group was involved in criminal activity," FBI spokesman Bill Carter said.

A message was left for Department of Defense spokesman Greg Hicks. Justice Department spokesman Brian Roehrkasse declined comment.

"I want to ensure that the government has respected my attorney-client privilege, and if proof is found that the government has violated this privilege, then I will take every step permitted under the law," Sethna said in an e-mail message.

Two federal lawsuits filed in New York and Detroit allege President Bush's electronic eavesdropping program exceeds his constitutional powers.

The lawsuits - one filed in New York by the Center for Constitutional Rights and the other in Detroit by the American Civil Liberties Union and other groups - say the program bypasses safeguards in a 1978 law requiring court approval of electronic monitoring.

Attorney General Alberto Gonzales, speaking Tuesday at Georgetown Law School, defended the Bush administration's domestic spying program. He said surveillance without warrants falls within Bush's constitutional authority that Congress granted following the Sept. 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and is critical to preventing more domestic attacks.